10/25/17

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

**MSDS No: 6055** 

### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: ORTHO® Weed-B-Gon® Lawn Weed Killer 2

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: Herbicide

B Gone Weed Weed Killer For Lawns

Ready To Use

DRTHO

### **MANUFACTURER**

24 HR. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE

**NUMBERS** 

**Emergency Phone:** 1-800-225-2883

The ORTHO Group P.O. Box 1749 Columbus, OH 43216

EPA REG. NO.: 2217-570-239C PN: 6000-D

# 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Chemical Name                | <u>Wt.%</u> | CAS#       |
|------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Mecoprop, dimethylamine salt | 10.6        | 32351-70-5 |
| 2,4-D, dimethylamine salt    | 3.05        | 2008-39-1  |
| Dicamba, dimethylamine salt  | 1.3         | 1918-00-9  |

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

PHYSICAL APPEARANCE: Brown or black uniform liquid with amine odor.

**IMMEDIATE CONCERNS:** HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES, SKIN OR CLOTHING KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

EYES: The undiluted product is moderately irritating to the eyes. Eye contact may include discomfort, tearing, swelling, redness, and blurred vision. See Toxicological Information, section 11.

SKIN: The undiluted product is considered a slight skin irritant. Skin irritation may include discoloration, itching and swelling. This substance is slightly toxic to internal organs if absorbed through the skin. The degree of injury will depend on the amount absorbed. See Toxicological Information, section 11.

INGESTION: This substance is slightly toxic if swallowed. The degree of injury will depend on the amount absorbed from the gut. See Toxicological Information, Section 11.

INHALATION: The systemic toxicity of this substance has not been determined. However, results of a rat 4 hour aerosol inhalation study on a similar formulation, indicated a slight degree of toxicity. See Toxicological Information section 11.

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**EYES:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**SKIN:** If on skin or clothing, take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**INGESTION:** If swallowed, call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**INHALATION:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASHPOINT AND METHOD: None

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** CO2, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Fog.

**HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:** Normal combustion forms carbon dioxide, water vapor and may produce oxides of nitrogen. Incomplete combustion can produce carbon monoxide.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Smoke from fires involving this material may present unusual hazards. Avoid breathing smoke and mists. Avoid contact with fallout and runoff. Minimize the amount of water used for fire fighting. Do not enter any enclosed area without full protective equipment, including self-contained breathing equipment. Contain and isolate runoff and debris for proper disposal. Read the entire document.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SMALL SPILL: Soak up spilled material with paper towels and discard in trash.

LARGE SPILL: Liquid spills on floor or other impervious surfaces should be contained or diked, and should be absorbed with attapulgite, bentonite or other absorbent clays. Collect contaminated absorbent, place in plastic-lined metal drum and dispose of in accordance with instructions provided under Section 13. "DISPOSAL". Thoroughly scrub floor or other impervious surface with a strong industrial type detergent solution and rinse with water. For liquid spills that soak into the ground, contact the applicable Federal, State and or County Health Dept. for disposal recommendations. If disposal is required then refer to Section 13 "DISPOSAL" for instructions. Leaking containers should be separated from non-leakers and either the container or its contents transferred to a drum or other non-leaking container and disposed of in accordance with instructions provided under Section 13 "Disposal". Any recovered spilled liquid should be similarly collected and disposed of. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs or feed by storage or disposal.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**GENERAL PROCEDURES:** Keep pesticide in original container. Do not put concentrate or diluted product into food or drink containers. Store in a secure, preferably locked, storage area. Protect container from freezing.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** No special ventilation is normally required. However, if operating conditions create airborne concentrations which exceed the recommended exposure standards (in Section 8), then special ventilation may be required.

### PERSONAL PROTECTION

EYES AND FACE: Do not get this material in your eyes. Eye contact should be avoided by wearing chemical goggles or a face shield.

**SKIN:** Wear protective clothing when handling or applying this product including long pants, long sleeved shirt, socks, shoes, and chemical resistant gloves. Wash nondisposable gloves throughly with soap and water before removing. Remove contaminated clothing and launder separately before reuse. Promptly and throughly wash hands and exposed skin with soap and water after using this product.

**RESPIRATORY:** Handling of the undiluted product is not likely to present an airborne exposure concern under normal use conditions. In the event of an accidential discharge of the material during manufacture or handling which produces a heavy vapor or mist, workers should use respiratory protection equipment. Consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type of equipment. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH MSHA or the manufacturer. For application of product diluted in accordance with label instructions, no special respiratory protection is required. Read and follow label precautions.

# OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS (29 CFR 1910.1200):

| EXP | OSURE | LIMITS |
|-----|-------|--------|
|     |       |        |

| Chemical Name                | OSHA PEL | <b>ACGIH TLV</b> | <b>ACGIH STEL</b> |
|------------------------------|----------|------------------|-------------------|
| Mecoprop, dimethylamine salt | None     | None             | None              |
| 2,4-D, dimethylamine salt    | 10 mg/m3 | 10 mg/m3         | None              |
| Dicamba, dimethylamine salt  | None     | None             | None              |
|                              |          |                  |                   |

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

APPEARANCE: Brown or black uniform liquid with amine odor

**pH:**  $\sim 7.5$  to 8.0

PERCENT VOLATILE: No Data Available

VAPOR PRESSURE: Not Determined VAPOR DENSITY: No data Available

**BOILING POINT: 212°F** 

**SOLUBILITY IN WATER:** Miscible with water.

**EVAPORATION RATE:** Not Determined **SPECIFIC GRAVITY:** 1.037 gr/cc at 20°C

VISCOSITY: Same as water.

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABLE: YES

**HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: NO** 

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: Partial combustion may form carbon monoxide and nitrogen oxides.

**INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:** May react with strong acids or strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, etc.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **ACUTE**

**EYES:** Rabbit: similar formulation indicated - may be a moderate eye irritant. All irritation resolved by day 14 of the study.

**DERMAL LD**<sub>50</sub>: Rabbit: similar formulation > 2.0 gm/kg. EPA FIFRA toxicity category - IV.

SKIN IRRITATION: Rabbit: similar formulation - may be a slight skin irritant. All treated skin sites were normal by day 7 of the study.

**ORAL LD**<sub>50</sub>: Rat: similar formulation - >= 5.0 gm/kg. EPA FIFRA toxicity category - IV.

**INHALATION LC**<sub>50</sub>: Rat 4-hour acute aerosol - similar formulation > 5.36 mg/l.

EPA FIFRA toxicology category - IV.

**SENSITIZATION:** Guinea pig - similar formulation - was not a skin sensitizer in the Buehler Guinea Pig Sensitization Test.

### **CARCINOGENICITY:**

**CARCINOGENICITY COMMENTS:** Based on the results of animal toxicology studies, epidemological investigations and findings from scientific review groups, 2,4-D is not considered to be a carcinogen. The EPA has classed 2,4-D in carcinogenic category "D" meaning the weight of the scientific evidence does not demonstrate a cause and effect relationship betweeen 2,4-D and cancer.

**NEUROTOXICITY:** Numerous neurotoxicity studies involving several species, using high dose and repeated administration of 2,4-D, failed to demonstrate any clinically or histological evidence that the chemical is a neurotoxin.

**REPRODUCTIVE TOXIN:** 2,4-D has not demostrated adverse reproductive effects or to have been associated with any teratological or birth defects.

MUTAGENICITY: 2,4-D is not considered a mutagen.

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**ENVIRONMENTAL DATA:** No data available.

**ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:** This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Drift or runoff may adversely affect aquatic invertebrates and nontarget plants. Do not apply directly to water, or areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area. When cleaning equipment, do not pour the washwater on the ground, spray or drain over a large area away from wells and other sources. Most

cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D and MCPP have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D and MCPP pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing or transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**FOR LARGE SPILLS:** Material collected that cannot be reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state, or local procedures.

**PRODUCT DISPOSAL:** If necessary to dispose of partially filled product container, securely wrap it in several layers of newspaper and discard in trash.

EMPTY CONTAINER: Do not reuse container. Rinse throughly before discarding in trash.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### DOT (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not Regulated PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION: None

UN/NA NUMBER: NONE PACKING GROUP: No

U.S. SURFACE FREIGHT CLASS: Tree or weed killing compounds, NOI

**OTHER SHIPPING INFORMATION:** DOT and CERCLA Reportable Quanity (RQ) is 1000 lbs. (for Dimethylamine).DOT and CERCLA Reportable Quanity (RQ) is 1000 lbs. (for Dicamba).DOT and CERCLA Reportable Quanity (RQ) is 100 lbs. (for 2,4-D).

## AIR (ICAO/IATA)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not Regulated

**SPECIAL SHIPPING NOTES:** The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49CFR, or appropriate Dangerous Goods Regulations, for additional description requirements (e.g., technical name) and mode-specific or quantity-specific shipping requirements.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **UNITED STATES**

SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT)

| PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION UNDER SECTION 311 OF SARA |             |          |                |                         |  |
|--|-------------|----------|----------------|-------------------------|--|
| ACUTE: YES                                       | CHRONIC: NO | FIRE: NO | REACTIVITY: NO | PRESSURE GENERATING: NO |  |

**313 REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS:** Mecoprop (CAS 93-65-2); Dicamba (CAS 1918-00-9); Dimethylamine (CAS 124-40-3). De Minimis Concentrations for Section 313 of EPCRA is 1.0%.

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT)

TSCA REGULATORY: All non FIFRA regulated components are on the US EPA's TSCA Inventory List.

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**HMIS CODES** 

FIRE: 0 HEALTH: 2 REACTIVITY: 0 PROTECTION: -

**NFPA CODES** 

FIRE: 0 HEALTH: 2 REACTIVITY: 0 SPECIAL: -

**APPROVAL DATE: 09/13/2002** 

**REVISION SUMMARY** Revision #: 6

This MSDS replaces the November 02, 2000 MSDS. Any changes in information are as follows:

In Section 5

(Group Field) for Flash Point Flash Point (Operator) Flash Point °F (From) Flash Point Method

MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMER: The information contained herein is, to the best of the Manufacturer's (see Section 1) knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date of preparation of this document. However, no warranty or guarantee, express or implied, is made as to the accuracy or reliability, and the Manufacturer shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising out of the use thereof. No authorization is given or implied to use any patented invention without a license. In addition, the Manufacturer shall not be liable for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to adhere to recommended practices or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the product.